

THE ULTIMATE SCIENCE OF READING RESOURCE

My
Phonics
HELPER

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Short Vowels

Consonants

FLSZ & -all, -oll, -ull

Digraphs

VCe

My Phonics HELPER

Ending Patterns

R-Controlled Vowels

Vowel Teams, Diphthongs & Other

Low Frequency Sounds

My Sound Wall

Vowels

Consonants

STOPS

FRICATIVES

GLIDES

LIQUIDS

AFRICATES

NASALS

TWO SOUNDS

Syllable TYPES

Closed

VCe

R-Controlled

Open

Consonant

Vowel Teams

Syllable Division

Rule	Division	Example
Rabbit Rule	VC/CV	rab bit
Tiger Rule	V/CV	ti ger
Camel Rule	VC/V	cam el
Hamster Rule	VC/CCV	ham ster
Lion Rule	V/V	li on
Turtle Rule	C+le	tur tle
Compound Words	By Words	hot dog
Prefixes and Suffixes	By Prefixes & Suffixes	un friendly

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Spelling Strategies

- Say the word.
- Say and tap the sounds.
- Write the letters that match the sounds.
- Read the word.

Reading Strategies

- Say the sounds.
- Blend the sounds together.
- Look for sounds that you know.
- Heart irregular parts of the word.
- Split the word into syllables.
- Look for and suffix.
- Reread the word.
- Does it sound right?
- Don't give up.

Heart Words:

A heart is placed on top of tricky parts of a word to remind you that these letters do not make their usual sound. The heart part may also be a sound that we haven't learned yet.

Prefixes & Suffixes

Affix	Meaning	Example
-s	Makes nouns plural or changes a verb's tense to present tense.	boys, sits
-es	Makes nouns plural or changes a verb's tense to present tense.	benches, rushes
-ed	Changes a verb's tense to past tense, or it can turn a verb into an adjective (e.g., the boiled eggs).	camped, dusted
-ing	Changes a verb's tense to present tense, it can also turn a verb into an adjective (e.g., the crying baby).	
-er	Means "more than" and shows comparison.	fixing, sitting
-est	Means "the most" and shows comparison.	taller, older
-ly	Tells us the "how" or "the manner of."	quickly, sadly
-less	Means "without."	helpful, thankful
-ful	Means "full of."	sleepless, painless
-un-	Means "not" or "the opposite of."	unhappy, unzip
-pre-	Means "before."	reheat, prepay
-re-	Means "again" or "back."	reheat, prepay
-dis-	Means "not," "the opposite of," or "apart."	confusion, mission station, question
-sion	-sion and -tion are final stable syllables. The suffix "-ion" means "the act of," "the process of," or "the result of."	capture, moisture
-tion	-tion and -sion are final stable syllables. The suffix "-ion" means "the act of," "the process of," or "the result of."	dislike, disconnect
-ture	-ture is a final stable syllable. It means "the act of," or "the result of."	capture, moisture
-er	When you add -er to a verb, it turns it into a noun that means someone or something that does that action.	baker, farmer
-or, -ist	When you add -or/-ist to a verb, it turns it into a noun that means someone or something that does that action.	collector, artist
-ish	Means "like," "somewhat like," or "likely to."	pinkish, childish
-y	Means "full of" or "having." It is usually added to nouns to turn them into adjectives.	cloudy
-ness	Describes the "state" or "the way something is."	coldness
-ment	Means the "result," "state," or "act of." It is usually added to verbs to turn them into nouns.	judgement
-able, -ible	Means "able," "capable of," or "can do." They are usually added to verbs to turn them into adjectives.	fixable, flexible
uni-	Means "one."	unicycle
bi-	Means "two."	bicycle
tri-	Means "three."	tricycle

*-ion, -tion and -ture are considered to be final stable syllables.

Kindergarten, First & Second Grade



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Short Vowels

a	i	o	u	e
---	---	---	---	---

Consonants

b	c	d	f	g	h	j	k	l	m	n
p	qu	r	s	t	v	w	x	y	z	

FLSZ & -all, -oll, -ull

ff	ll	ss	zz	-all	-oll	-ull
----	----	----	----	------	------	------

Word Endings

-es	-ed	-ing
-----	-----	------

Digraphs

ck	sh	th	th	ch	wh	ph	ng	nk
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

VCe

a.e	i.e	o.e	u.e	e.e	_ce	_ge
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

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Ending Patterns

tch	dge	-ild	-old	-ind	-olt	-ost	-y	-y	-le
-----	-----	------	------	------	------	------	----	----	-----

R-Controlled Vowels

ar	or	ore	er	ir	ur	w•or
----	----	-----	----	----	----	------

Silent Digraphs

kn	wr	mb
----	----	----

Vowel Teams, Diphthongs & Other

ai	ay	ee	ea	ey	oa	ow	oe	ie	igh	oo	u	oo
ew	ui	ue	au	aw	augh	ea	a	oi	oy	ou	ow	









Low Frequency Sounds

ar	or	air	are	ear	ear	ei	ey	eigh	aigh	ea	ew
u	ue	ough	ough	c	g	ch	ch	gn	gh	silent t	





b Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

INSTRUCTIONS INCLUDED

Syllable TYPES

Closed	Open
<p>A syllable where the vowel is followed by a consonant. The vowel sound is short.</p> <p> cat</p> <p> rabbit</p> <p>VCe</p> <p>A syllable that ends in a silent 'e'. The vowel sound is long, and there is a consonant in between the vowel and silent 'e'.</p> <p> bike</p> <p> cupcake</p> <p>R-Controlled</p> <p>A syllable where the vowel sound is followed by another vowel which is controlled by the first vowel.</p> <p> car</p> <p> popcorn</p>	<p>A syllable that ends in a vowel. The vowel sound is long.</p> <p> hi</p> <p> donut</p> <p>Consonant + le</p> <p>A syllable at the end of a word that contains a consonant followed by 'le'.</p>

Syllable Division Rules

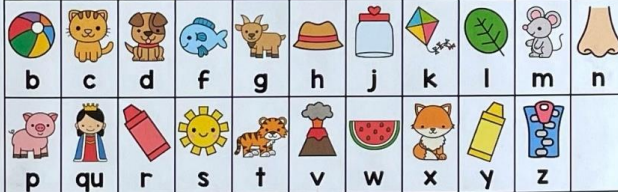
Rule	Division	Example	Instructions
Rabbit Rule 	VC/CV	rab bit V C C V	Divide between the two consonants
Tiger Rule 	V/CV	ti ger V C V	Divide before the first consonant to make a long vowel sound. This is more common than VC/V.
Camel Rule 	VC/V	cam el V C V	Divide after the first consonant to make a short vowel sound. This is less common than V/CV.
Hamster Rule 	VC/CCV	ham ster V C CC V	Divide after the first consonant, unless there are consonants that must be kept together (e.g.,

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Short Vowels



Consonants



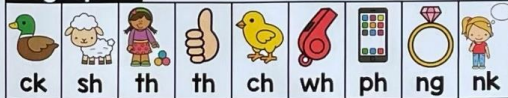
FLSZ & -all, -oll, -ull



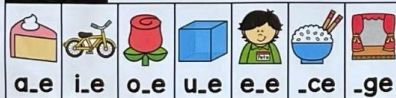
Word Endings



Digraphs



VCe



Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

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Ending Patterns



R-Controlled Vowels



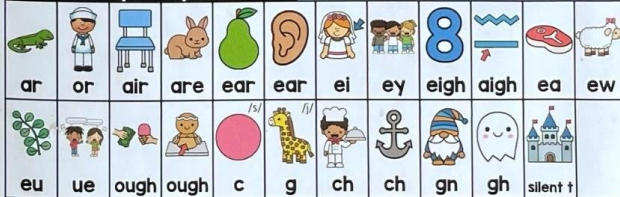
Silent Digraphs



Vowel Teams, Diphthongs & Other



Low Frequency Sounds



Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

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My Sound Wall

Vowels

Consonants

STOPS p b t d k g

FRICATIVES f v th th s z sh zh h

GLIDES wh w y

LIQUIDS l r

TWO SOUNDS x qu

AFFRICATES ch j

NASALS m n ng

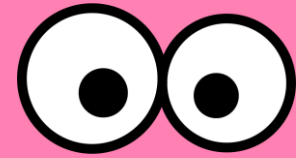
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A syllable where the vowel is followed by a consonant. The vowel sound is short. 	A syllable that ends in a vowel. The vowel sound is long.
VCe A syllable that ends in a silent 'e'. The vowel sound is long, and there is a consonant in between the vowel and silent 'e'. 	Consonant + le A syllable at the end of a word that contains a consonant followed by 'le'.
R-Controlled A syllable where the vowel sound is followed by an 'r'. The vowel is controlled by the 'r'. 	Vowel Teams / Diphthongs A syllable with 2 or more letters together that make a vowel/diphthong sound when combined.

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Camel Rule	VC/V	cam el	Divide after the first consonant to make a short vowel sound. This is less common than VC/V.
Hamster Rule	VC/CCV	ham ster	Divide after the first consonant, unless there are consonants that must be kept together (e.g., digraphs or blends).
Lion Rule	V/V	li on	If two vowels that are next to each other do not form a vowel team or diphthong, divide between the vowels.
Turtle Rule	C+le	tur tle	Divide before the C+le.
Compound Words	By Words	hot dog	Divide between the words.
Prefixes and Suffixes	By Prefixes & Suffixes	un friend ly	Divide after a prefix. Divide before a suffix.

LOOK INSIDE



My Phonics HELPER

Short Vowels

Consonants

FLSZ & -all, -oll, -ull

Word Endings

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-es	Makes nouns plural or changes a verb's tense to present tense.	benches, rushes
-ed	Changes a verb's tense to past tense. It can also turn a verb into an adjective (e.g., the boiled eggs).	camped, dusted
-ing	Changes a verb's tense to present tense. It can also turn a verb into a noun (e.g., swimming is fun), or it can turn a verb into an adjective (e.g., the crying baby).	fixing, sitting
-er	Means 'more than' and shows comparison.	taller, older
-est	Means 'the most' and shows comparison.	tallest, oldest
-ly	Tells us the 'how' or 'the manner of.'	quickly, sadly
-less	Means 'without.'	sleepless, painless
-ful	Means 'full of.'	helpful, thankful
un-	Means 'not' or 'the opposite of.'	unhappy, unsp
pre-	Means 'before.'	preheat, prepay
re-	Means 'again' or 'back.'	reheat, repay
dis-	Means 'not,' 'the opposite of,' or 'apart.'	dislike, disconnect
-ion and -ion	-ion and -ion are final stable syllables. The suffix '-ion' means 'the act of,' 'the process of,' or 'the result of.'	confusion, mission
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-ible	Means 'able,' 'capable of,' or 'can do.' They are usually added to verbs to turn them into adjectives.	fixable, flexible
uni-	Means 'one.'	unicycle
bi-	Means 'two.'	bicycle
tri-	Means 'three.'	tricycle

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Spelling Strategies

- Say the word.
- Say and tap the sounds.
- Write the letters that match the sounds.
- Read the whole word aloud.

Reading Strategies

- Say the sounds.
- Blend the sounds together.
- Look for sounds that you know.
- Heart irregular parts of the word.
- Split the word into syllables.
- Look for prefixes and suffixes.
- Reread the sentence. Does it sound right?
- Don't give up!

Heart Words:

A heart is placed on top of tricky parts of a word to remind you that these letters do not make their usual sound. The heart part may also be a sound that we haven't learned yet.

